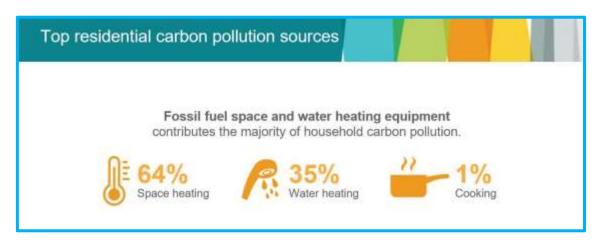




The Zero Carbon Step Code is a new addition to the BC Building Code that allows local governments to limit carbon emissions in new buildings.

Most municipalities have Climate Action Plans with greenhouse gas emissions reduction targets. The Zero Carbon Step Code (ZCSC) is a tool for local governments to reduce emissions in their communities and achieve climate action targets. Municipalities have the option to adopt the new code and to choose different levels of implementation.

Building emissions make up about 30 % of total emissions in municipalities. The chart below shows the sources of building emissions. Reducing fossil fuel use is critical to meeting local and provincial climate targets.



Under the Zero Carbon Step Code (ZCSC) local governments can require or incentivize builders to meet one of four emissions levels (EL).

- 1. **Measure-only (EL-1)**: measurement only of a building's emissions (NB: most building design software already provides this data). Purpose is to build knowledge and capacity;
- 2. Moderate (EL-2): in most cases, will require electric space heating or hot water systems;
- 3. Strong (EL-3): in most cases, will require electric space heating and hot water systems;
- 4. Zero (EL-4): in most cases, will require full electrification of a building.

Note: Gas fireplaces, barbeques and patio heaters are allowed under all levels.

A dozen municipalities have already adopted the Zero Carbon Step Code. By 2030, Zero Carbon level 4 will be mandatory across the province.

Information for Builders

Builders can choose to achieve the required Zero Carbon Step Code energy level based on either emissions level quantity and intensity (performance approach), OR by installing zeroappliances emission and equipment (prescriptive approach) such as heat pumps, electric stoves, and hot water heaters.



How does the Zero Carbon Step Code relate to the BC Energy Step Code?

The current BC Energy Step Code regulates the <u>energy efficiency</u> of new buildings, whereas the Zero Carbon Step Code assesses a building's <u>carbon emissions</u>. The Energy Step Code requires changes in **building materials and techniques** whereas the Zero Carbon Code simply means **installing electric appliances** rather than gas appliances.

In most cases, electric heat pumps will be the appliances of choice. They cost approximately the same to install as gas appliances but are 2-5 times more efficient and provide cooling during the summer.

Benefits of the Zero Carbon Step Code

- The ZCSC promotes healthier and more comfortable living spaces adapted to both cold winters and warmer summers.
- Electric heat pumps are more affordable in the long term. <u>Heat Pumps Pay Off: Unlocking lower cost</u> heating and cooling in Canada.
- Building emission and energy standards are becoming increasingly stringent. Installing low emission, energy efficient appliances in new buildings avoids costly retrofits in the future.
- Carbon tax increases will continue to increase the cost of natural gas for residential and commercial customers.
- Gas fireplaces, barbecues and patio heaters are allowed under all levels of the ZCSC.
- Natural gas (fossil gas) is composed of methane, a potent greenhouse gas. Natural gas is obtained by fracking, an industrial process associated with contaminated ground water, air pollution, and health impacts.

A study by <u>ZEBx</u> concluded that high-performance, all electric buildings can be constructed for less than the average cost of similar code-minimum buildings. These costs can be expected to fall further as high-performance construction becomes the norm.

This Zero Carbon Step Code Primer was prepared by First Things First Okanagan, November 2023. Contact info@firstthingsfirstokanagan.com, www.firstthingsfirstokanagan.com.